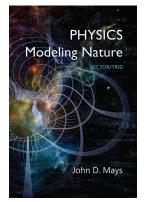
# Physics: Modeling Nature

## Errata

We always strive to make our textbooks as accurate as possible, but sadly, errors are a reality. We very much appreciate friends who report errata that are not included in this document! Please send new errata to info@novarescienceandmath.com



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## Physics: Modeling Nature (2015)

## Chapter 1 Text

Example 1.2. The result of the  $R_y$  calculation should be 1.69 units, and the angle for the resultant should be 7.0°.

## Chapter 1 Answers

- 19. magnitude = 278 km/hr
- 22f.  $\theta = -131^{\circ}$
- 25.  $\theta = 35.1^{\circ}$
- 27.  $\theta_{\rm p} = 140^{\circ}$

## Chapter 2 Problem correction

p. 73, #39. The time given should be 1.00 s, not 2.6 s.

## **Chapter 2 Answers**

- 10. v = 0.625 m/s (0.63 m/s with 2 sig digs)
- 11b. 15 m/s
- 12.  $v_f = 4.1 \text{ m/s}$
- 14. d = 4.000 cm
- 25. t = 0.474 s (In the solutions manual, the second equation at the top of page 20 is incorrect, and should read  $d_F = d_{K}$ .)
- 36.  $d_{\rm h} = 23.4 \,{\rm m}$
- 45.  $\theta_p = 41.2^{\circ}$

## **Chapter 3 Problem corrections**

p. 111, #46.  $m_2 = 300.0$  g not kg.

p. 111, #48. The wind should be blowing from due southeast, not southwest.

#### **Chapter 3 Answers**

- 17. a = -1.34 m/s2, F = -9100 N
- 24c.  $F_N = 41 \text{ N}$
- 30c. The answer given is correct, but in the solutions manual the normal force used in the solution should be  $F_N = 41$  N.
- 34. d = 1.2 m, T = 8.21 N
- 35. d = 46 m
- 37a.  $a = 1.7 \text{m/s}^2$
- 37b.  $v_f = 1.4 \text{ m/s}$
- 37c. d = 0.39 m
- 39.  $a = 5.3 \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  $T_B = 26 \text{ N}$
- 40.  $a = 1.2 \text{ m/s}^2$
- 44b.  $T_1 = 8.29 \text{ N}$
- 44c.  $T_1 = 5.48 \text{ N}$

46. 
$$m_{max} = 220 \text{ g}$$

48. 2.0 x 10<sup>2</sup>, 102°. The diagram in the Solutions manual shows the wind coming from due SE, but the problem statement says the wind is coming from due SW. Correcting the wind, the result is as shown above.

#### **Chapter 4 Answers**

- 7d.  $|\mathbf{p} \times \mathbf{E}| = 1.20 \text{ x } 10^3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{N}$
- 9.  $\theta_3 = 139^\circ$  (2 sig digs)
- 11.  $\theta = 63^{\circ}$
- 17.  $F_4: 11 \text{ m} \cdot \text{N}; F_5: 3.5 \text{ m} \cdot \text{N}$
- 18. For the 0.1450 N force on the left, torque = 0.3537 m·N; for the 0.1450 N force on the right, torque =  $0.1282 \text{ m} \cdot \text{N}$
- 28.  $\theta = +1.4^{\circ}$  (In the solutions manual, the numerator in the equation 4 lines from the end should have (-) not (+).)

#### **Chapter 5 Answers**

- 18.  $F = 3.81 \ge 10^{-13} N$
- 22. F = 21.0 N (3 sig digs)
- 27. a. and b., W = 9600 J

33. W = 3400 J

36. The height should use the sine of the angle, giving vf = 5.3 m/s

53. 
$$E = 4.03329 \text{ MeV}$$

- 56. 239.9°, 42.9 min. The 157° angle shown should be 113.0°. Calculating missing angles gives results precise to tenths, giving a heading precise to tenths (4 sig digs).
- 57. 1.8 m/s2. In the final line of the solution, the μg term is precise to tenths. Addition rule then requires result to be precise to tenths.

#### **Chapter 6 Answers**

1b.  $4.0 \ge 10^5 \text{ kg·m/s}$ 

1c. 9.97 x 10<sup>-20</sup> kg⋅m/s

17. 
$$\frac{\sqrt{5+2\sqrt{2}}}{4}v_0$$
, -59.6°

#### **Chapter 7 Problem Correction**

4. The question in the text should ask about the minute hand, not the hour hand.

#### **Chapter 7 Answers**

- 8. 2.07 rad/s
- 14.  $\alpha = 3.10 \text{ rad/s}^2$ , s = 218 m
- 15.  $\theta = 25$  rev. Corrected angle is already shown. Add to it omega = 160 rad/s.

21. 
$$t = 0.107$$
 s

- 22. Typo in the units. Should be  $kg \cdot m/s^2$
- 25. v = 18.1 m/s

27.  $F_c = 9.60 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{N}$ 

#### **Chapter 8 Answers**

- 7.  $\tau = -0.000362 \text{ m} \cdot \text{N}$
- 10.  $\alpha = 8.542 \text{ rad/s}, \omega_f = 11.0 \text{ rad/s}, U_K = 70.1 \text{ J}$
- 11. t = 8.84 s,  $\omega_f = 21.6$  rpm
- 15. h = 0.0547 m
- 32. In line 5 of the solution, the -2R term should be + 2R. This gives  $r = 3.83 \times 10^7$  m and  $R r = 3.46 \times 10^8$  m. This means *r* is 90% of the distance from earth to the moon, and (R r)/r = 9.03.

In the second part,  $F_{GS} / F_{GE} = 1.77$ .

#### **Chapter 9 Answers**

- 45.  $v_0 = 509 \text{ m/s}$
- 46.  $v_c = 21 \text{ cm/s}$
- 47.  $P_{in} = 0.40 \text{ hp}$

#### **Chapter 10 Answers**

- 1. 159.692 g/mol
- 2. 108 g
- 5. The correct atomic mass for iodine is 126.9045 g/mol, giving  $2.107298 \times 10^{-22}$  g/particle.
- 15.  $V_2 = 355 \text{ cm}^3$
- 19.  $F_w = 0.0276 \text{ N}$
- 22. T = 295.2 K. This gives for oxygen  $v_{rms} = 4.80 \times 10^2$  m/s and for nitrogen  $v_{rms} = 513$  m/s.
- 36.  $m_w = 10.4$  g, or with 2 sig figs,  $1.0 \times 101$  g.
- 40. Equilibrium temperature should be 38.5° C.
- 44.  $P_{duct} = 100,200 \text{ Pa}$

#### **Chapter 11 Answers**

9. Corrected solution:

P = 155 kPa = 155,000 Pa  $V_0 = 5.00 \text{ L} = 0.00500 \text{ m}^3$   $V_f = 3.00 \text{ L}$   $PV = nRT = const = P \cdot V_0 = 155,000 \text{ Pa} \cdot 0.00500 \text{ m}^3 = 775 \text{ Pa} \cdot \text{m}^3 = 775 \text{ J}$   $W = nRT \ln \frac{V_f}{V_0} = PV \ln \frac{V_f}{V_0} = 775 \text{ J} \cdot \ln \frac{3}{5} = -396 \text{ J}$   $\Delta U = 0$  Q = W = -396 J

- 11. The problem statement should read: Determine the amount of work done by a system during a gas expansion from  $V_0 = 250$  L to  $V_f = 350$  L at constant temperature if 525 J of heat are added to the system during the process.
- 25. Since heat is being removed, *Q* is negative and  $\Delta S = -1.23$  kJ/K.
- 33.  $W = 1.20 \times 10^2 \text{ hp}$

#### **Chapter 12 Answers**

- 11. 75 J (2 sig digs)
- 12. 8.31 cycles

- 13. 2.0 Hz
- 18. 2.83 x 10<sup>7</sup> MHz
- 25. 1.57 x 10<sup>8</sup> m/s
- 34b. 0.353 J

#### Chapter 13 Answers

- 8.  $a = 52,900 \text{ m/s}^2$
- 11. In the solution and the diagram, replace  $\theta$  everywhere with  $\theta/2$ .
- 17.  $E = 2.9 \times 10^9 \text{ N/C}, \theta = -11^\circ$
- 26. W =  $1.8 \times 10^{-14}$  J
- 34. E = 60,200 N/C
- 57. 97%

## Chapter 14 Answers

9a. B = 0.0204 T (0.020 T with 2 sig digs)

9b. 
$$\Phi_{B} = 9.0 \text{ mWb}$$

- 10. The last line should read  $\Phi_{B} = B \cdot A \cos \theta$ , giving  $\Phi_{B} = 0.83 \mu Wb$
- 15. Units for q/m are C/kg.

18. 
$$\tau = 0.013 \text{ m} \cdot \text{N}$$

20. The question should read: "Explain the concept of a magnetic moment."

25. 
$$B = 2.6 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$$

- 36.  $v(t) = (\sqrt{2.240} \text{ V}) \sin 100\pi t$
- 37.  $i(t) = (\sqrt{2} \cdot 1.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ V}) \cos 2400 \pi t$
- 51. The graph in part A should be inverted, and thus is the same as the graphs in parts b and c.
- 53. This represents a 75% reduction.